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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/616,218	07/08/2003	Yechiel Gotfried	03398/LH	9774
1933 7590 06/14/2007 FRISHAUF, HOLTZ, GOODMAN & CHICK, PC 220 Fifth Avenue 16TH Floor NEW YORK, NY 10001-7708			EXAMINER	
			ARAJ, MICHAEL J	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•			3733	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/14/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/616,218	GOTFRIED, YECHIEL		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Michael J. Araj	3733		
Period fe	The MAILING DATE of this communication aportion approximation approxi	pears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address		
WHI0 - Exte after - If N0 - Failu Any	CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING [PRISON OF THE MAILING IS IN T	DATE OF THIS COMMUN 136(a). In no event, however, may a I will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO te, cause the application to become A	ICATION. I reply be timely filed INTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 l	<u> March 2007</u> .			
·	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposit	ion of Claims				
4)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1-11,26-28 and 78-136</u> is/are pendir	ng in the application.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.			
· · · · · ·	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
·	Claim(s) <u>1-11,26-28,78-103,105-120,122-130</u>	<u>) and 132-136</u> is/are reject	ted.		
-	Claim(s) 104,121 and 131 is/are objected to.	/tti			
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.			
Applicat	tion Papers				
•	The specification is objected to by the Examin				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)⊠ ac				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	* ' '			
44)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	•	*		
י ויי	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attache	ed Office Action of form F10-132.		
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
a)) All b) Some * c) None of:		(
	1. Certified copies of the priority document				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documen				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri	•	n received in this National Stage		
*	application from the International Bure See the attached detailed Office action for a list		at received		
	Oce the attached detailed Office action for a lis	st of the certified copies inc	, ,		
AMach					
Attachme	nus) ·				

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

6) Other: ____.

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-6, 78-82,86-88, 97-103, 105,106, 110-120,122 and 123 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lawes (U.S. Patent No. 5,454,813).

Lawes discloses an intramedullary nail comprising a proximal head that defines at least one hole therethrough, a sleeve comprising a locking mechanism that is adapted to engage the whole when the sleeve is inserted in the hole and a screw where the sleeve is adapted to slidably receive the screw. The proximal head is shaped so as to define a female coupling element, comprising a notch (13a), located on a surface of the hole and where the locking mechanism comprises a depressible male coupling element, comprising a tab (13). The male coupling element is adapted to engage the female coupling element when the sleeve is inserted in the hole to a fixed depth and then rotated until the male coupling element engages the female coupling element. The locking mechanism of each of the at least one sleeve being integral with the at least one sleeve and structured and arranged to cooperate with the position of the nail around the

respective one of the at least one hole to prevent rotational and longitudinal movement between the sleeve and the nail when the sleeve is inserted in the respective hole in the nail. The notches prevent the rotation of the sleeve and the shoulder (16) prevents further longitudinal movement. Lawes also discloses one connecting element, fixed to the distal end of the locating device (32), and a location-indicating element, fixed to a proximal end of the locating device. The apparatus also as an elongated bendable element (7) comprises a sharp tip that is inserted into the hole, through the channel and proximal end of the proximal portion as well as through the bone so as to indicate a location on the external surface of the bone. The sharp tip comprises of a screw thread and/or drill bit.

Claims 7,11, 26-28, 95 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Bramlet et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,648,889).

Bramlet et al. disclose an intramedullary nail comprising a proximal head that defines at least one hole therethrough, a sleeve comprising a locking mechanism that is adapted to engage the whole when the sleeve is inserted in the hole and a screw where the sleeve is adapted to slidably receive the screw. The head has a distal portion and a proximal portion where the proximal portion has a diameter less than or equal to about 80% of the distal diameter. (see Figure 1 below) The distal portion defines at least one hole therethrough and comprising a sleeve (3), which comprises a locking mechanism (2). This locking mechanism prevents longitudinal and rotational movement of the sleeve with respect to the nail. Also disclosed is that the intramedullary nail is adapted to be implanted in the bone, such that no portion of the nail extends to an external

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surface of the bone. It also can be interpreted that the proximal head has a visually discrete distal portion and proximal portion. (See Figure 25) There is also a visual discreteness between the proximal and distal portions with respect to the angled hole for the sleeve. There is a sudden narrowing between the proximal and distal portions (as seen below).

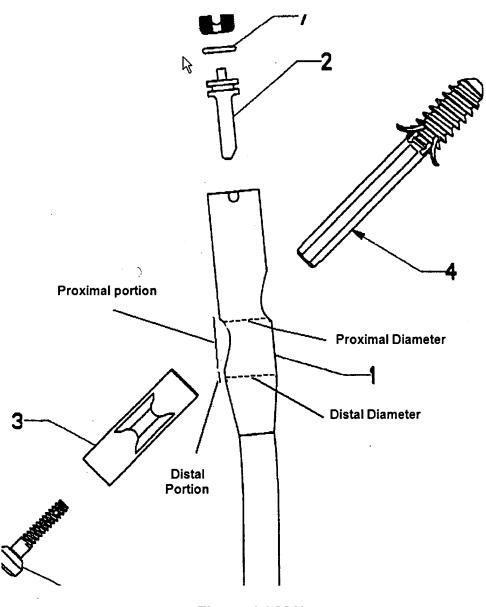


Figure 1 ('889)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 8-10, 90-94 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bramlet et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,648,889).

Bramlet et al. disclose the claimed invention except for the ranges of diameter and length in claims 8-10 and 94. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the diameters and lengths as set forth in these claims, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.

Bramlet et al. discloses the claimed invention except for making the proximal portion of the head removable from the distal portion of the head as in claim 90. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make these two portion separable, since it has been held that constructing a formerly integral structure in various elements involves only routine skill in the art.

Nerwin v. Erlichman, 168 USPQ 177, 179.

With respect to claims 91-93, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the assembly of Bramlet having a plurality of angled holes, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. *St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co.*, 193 USPQ 8.

Claims 83-85,107-109, 124-130,132-136 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lawes (U.S. Patent No. 5,454,813).

Lawes discloses the claimed invention except for having a plurality of holes with respect to claims 83-85,107-109, 124-130 and 132-136. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the assembly of Lawes having a plurality of angled holes, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co., 193 USPQ 8.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 104, 121 and 131 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed March 15, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. With respect to interpretation of Lawes, it is disclosed that the

sleeve has a mechanism capable of preventing longitudinal and rotational movement as explained above. The notches prevent rotational movement and the shoulder prevents further longitudinal movement into the hole of the nail.

As for Lawes not lockable into the angulated opening in the nail is a moot point because this is not even claimed in claim 78. All that this claim requires is that a portion of the retrieving device is lockable into at least one hole in the body. The angulated hole is not specified.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael J. Araj whose telephone number is 571-272-5963. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eduardo Robert can be reached on 571-272-4719. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

MJA

EDUARDO C. ROBERT SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER